

# Cylindrical Convolutional Networks for Joint Object Detection and Viewpoint Estimation

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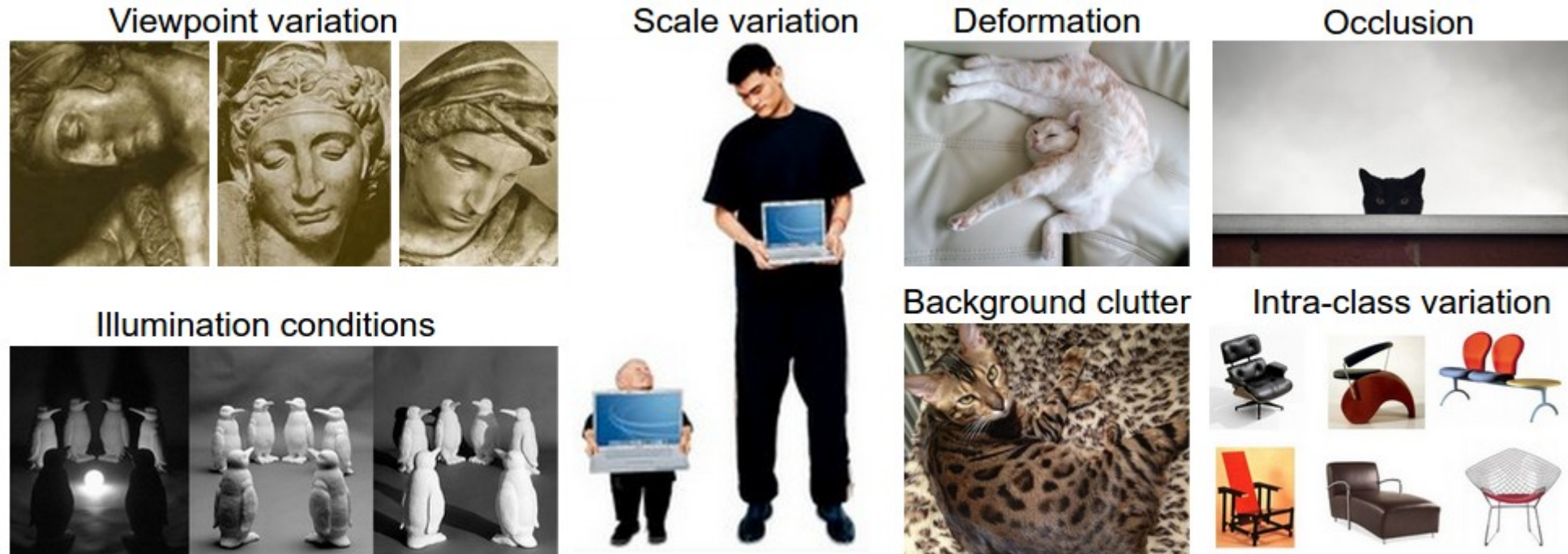


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# Introduction

## Modeling Spatial Transformations

- “A long-standing problem in Visual Recognition”



→ Use visible features to model spatial transformation in a 2D space

# Introduction

## Viewpoint Variation

- Objects in a 2D space are a projection of 3D ones

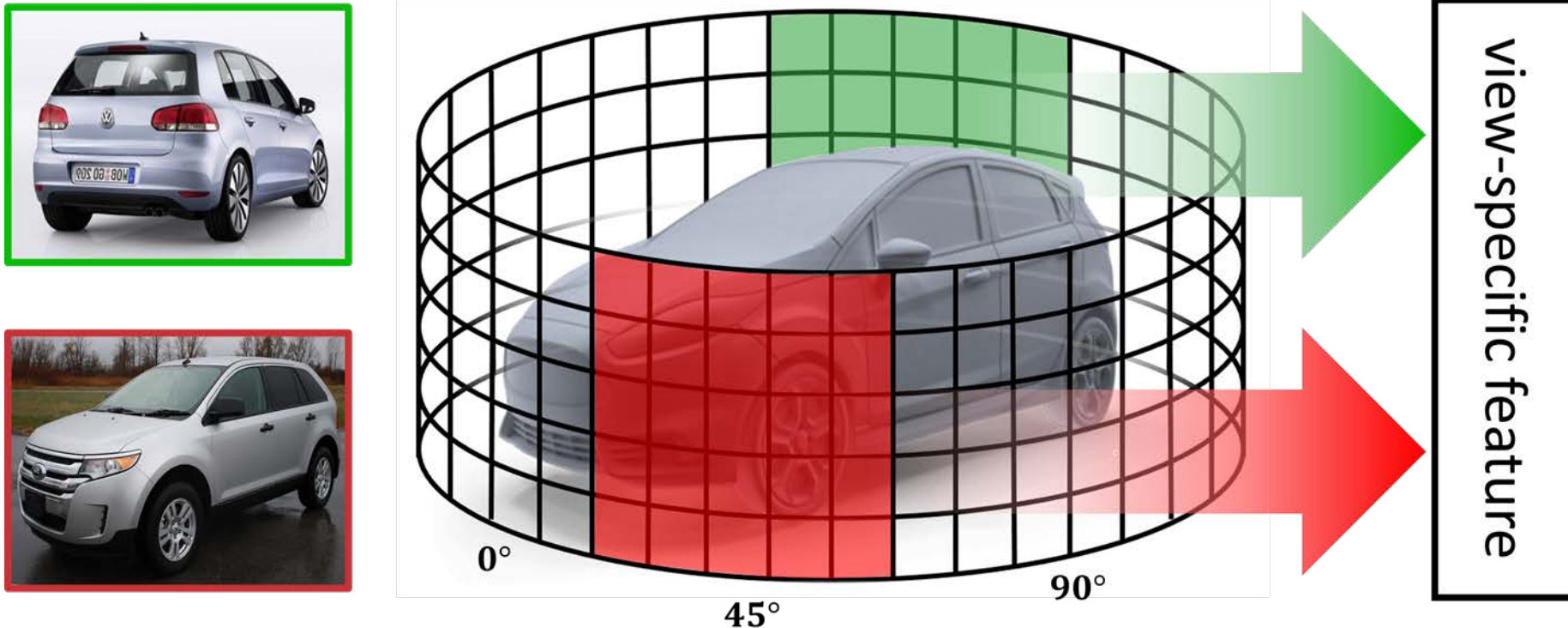


→ How to extract view-specific feature conditioned on the object viewpoint?

# Problem Formulation

## Cylindrical Convolutional Networks (CCNs)

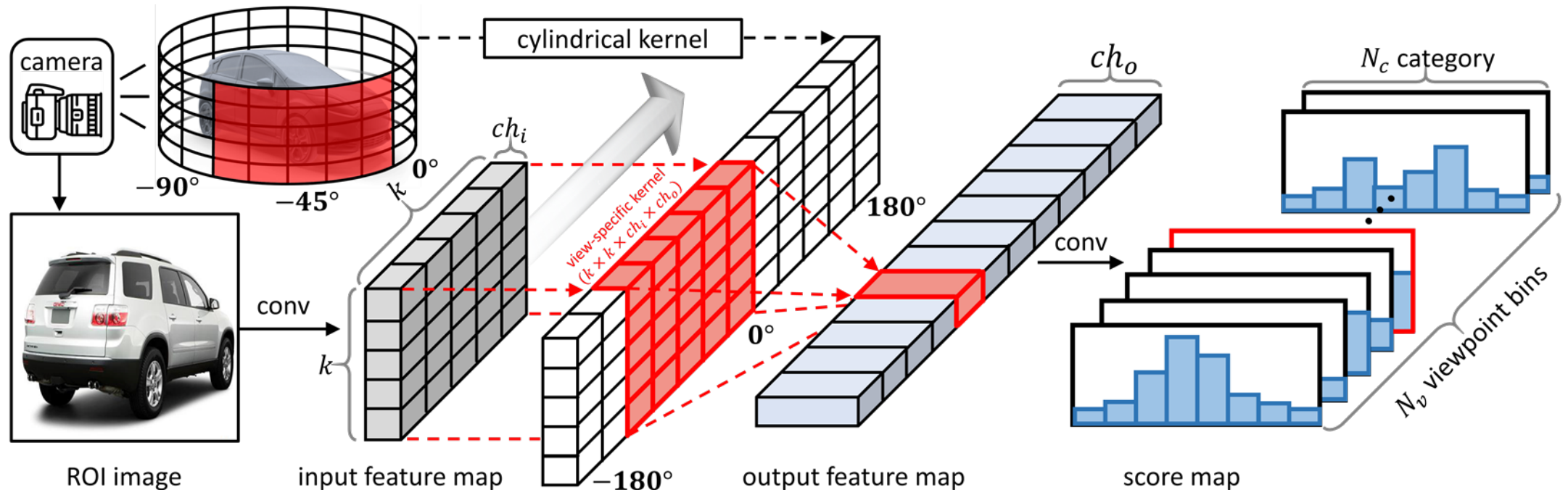
- Exploit cylindrical convolutional kernel, where each subset is view-specific kernel to capture structural information at each viewpoint





# Proposed Method

## CCNs for Joint Object Detection and Viewpoint Estimation



- Input: Input feature maps of single-view image
- Output: Multiple view-specific feature to predict object category scores at each viewpoint

# Experiments

## Ablation Study

- Analysis of CCNs components

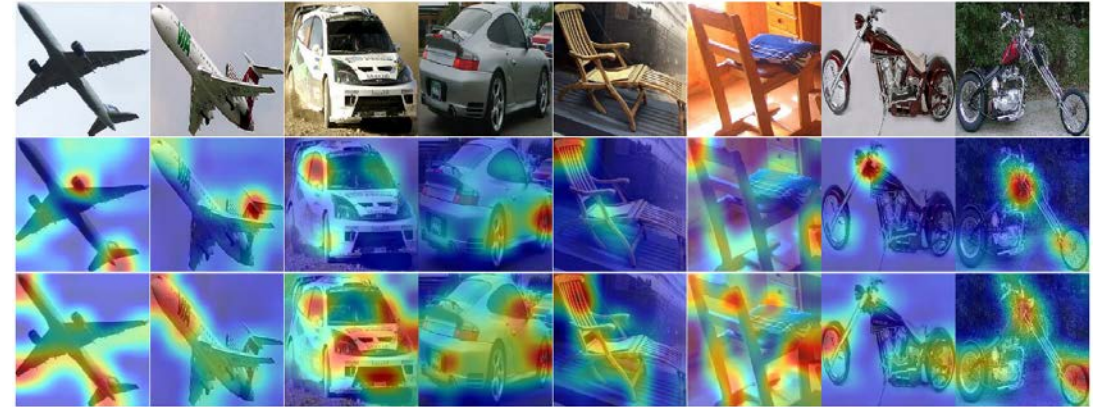
Method		Category		Viewpoint	
$N_v$	CCNs	top-1	top-3	$\text{Acc}_{\pi/6}$	Mederr
24		0.91	0.97	0.56	23.5
18	✓	0.95	0.99	0.63	17.3
24	✓	<b>0.95</b>	<b>0.99</b>	<b>0.66</b>	<b>15.5</b>
30	✓	0.94	0.98	0.63	17.7

## Results

- Pascal 3D+ dataset



- Network visualization



- KITTI dataset





# Thank you!

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